

	Objective GCSE H
Integers, powers and roots	Use index notation for negative integer indices.
	Use index notation and index laws for simple fractional powers
	Convert from one base number to another
	Simplify surds to the form $a\sqrt{b}$
	Expand brackets containing surds
	Rationalise the denominator of a surd such as $2/\sqrt{5}$
	Rationalise a denominator in the form $a\sqrt{b}$, $a + \sqrt{b}$ and $a + b\sqrt{c}$.
	Construct an algebraic proof of number properties.
FDP	Calculate percentage increases and decreases
	Calculate the percentage change
	Calculate reverse percentages
	Calculate compound interest and depreciation
	Convert recurring decimals to fractions and fractions to recurring decimals
Data	Interpret frequency tables and frequency polygons
	Construct and interpret a cumulative frequency diagrams
	Construct and interpret box plots
	Construct and interpret a histogram
Simplifying and substituting	Factorise quadratics of the form $ax^2 + bx + c$ where $a=1$
	Factorise quadratics of the form $ax^2 + bx + c$ where $a>1$
	Write quadratic expressions in completed square form
	Understand the difference between an expression, equation and identity
	Equate co-efficient in identities
	Multiply and divide algebraic fractions
	Add and subtract algebraic fractions
	Simplify algebraic fractions
	Expand the product of more than two binomials
Ratio	Simplify two pairs of ratio when given a common term
	Compare lengths using ratio notation and ratio tables
	Compare areas and volumes using ratio notation and ratio tables
	Solve complex problems involving ratio and algebra
	Solve two-way ratio problems
	Solve problems involving direct and inverse proportion, including graphical and algebraic representations
Rounding	Use inequality notation to specify error intervals due to truncation or rounding
	Apply and interpret limits of accuracy, including upper and lower bounds
Sequences	Understand and recognise the different types of sequences
	Find the nth term rule for linear and quadratic sequences
Lines, angles	Calculate the area and circumference of a circle
	Calculate the area of a sector and length of an arc
	Understand and recognise the properties of quadrilaterals
	Calculate the sum of the interior and exterior angles in polygons
Formulae	Rearrange formulae where the subject appears once

Rearrange formulae	Rearrange formulae where the subject appears more than once
Pythagoras and Trigonometry	Use Pythagoras' Theorem and Trigonometry in 3D
	Use the formula for the area of non-right angled triangles
	Use the sine rule to calculate missing sides and angles in non-right angled triangles
	Use the cosine rule to calculate missing sides and angles in non-right angled triangles
	Sketch the graphs of $y=\sin(x)$, $\cos(x)$ and $\tan(x)$
Forming and solving equations	Use the trigonometry graphs to solve equations involving $\sin(x)$, $\cos(x)$ and $\tan(x)$
	Use an iterative formula to find an approximate solution to an equation
	Show how to rearrange an equation to produce a specified iterative formula
	Factorise and solve quadratics of the form $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ where $a=1$
	Factorise and solve quadratics of the form $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ where $a>1$
	Solve quadratic equations by completing the square
	Solve quadratic equations using the quadratic formula
Volume	Solve fractional linear equations with an unknown in the denominator
	Solve linear simultaneous equations
	Solve a pair of simultaneous equations where one is non-linear
	Calculate the volume of spheres, cones and cylinders
Probability	Calculate the volume and surface area of a frustum
	Use probability trees to find probabilities of two successive independent events
	Calculate with probability and probability trees in an algebraic context
	Calculate conditional probabilities using tree diagrams and Venn diagrams
Sequences, functions and graphs	Use systematic listing strategies, including the product rule for counting
	Use $y=mx+c$ to identify parallel and perpendicular lines
	Find the equation of a line through either two points or one point and a gradient
	Find the equation of a perpendicular line
	Sketch the graphs of quadratic, cubic and reciprocal functions
	Recognise, sketch and interpret exponential and trigonometric graphs
	Identify roots, intercepts and turning points of quadratics graphically
	Identify the roots and intercepts of a quadratic algebraically
	Use completing the square to calculate the turning point of a quadratic graph
	Transform graphs using reflections and translations
	Recognise and use the equation of a circle centred at the origin
Circles	Find the equation of a tangent to a circle at a given point
	Interpret simple expressions as functions with inputs and outputs
	Interpret the reverse process as the inverse function
Circles	Interpret the succession of two functions as a composite function
	Recognise tangents, arcs, sectors, segments, radii and diameters in circle
	Apply and use the circle theorems
Circles	Prove the circle theorems
	Interpret linear distance time and velocity time graphs

Measures	Calculate speed from a distance time graph and acceleration from a linear velocity time graph Calculate average acceleration from a non- linear velocity time graph Calculate instantaneous acceleration from a curved velocity time graph Calculate the distance travelled by calculating the area under a velocity time graph
Inequalities	Solve linear inequalities (with an unknown on both sides, and double bounded) Represent the solution set of an inequality on a number line
	Represent linear inequalities graphically Solve a set of linear inequalities in two variables and represent the solution as a region of a graph
	Solve quadratic inequalities
Transformations	Enlarge a shape by a positive scale factor (including fractions) Enlarge a shape by a positive scale factor (including fractions) from a centre Enlarge a shape by a negative scale factor Identify both the changes and invariance achieved by combinations of rotations, reflections and transformations.
	Add and subtract vectors and multiply vectors by a scalar, in both diagrammatic and column form Understand the relationship between parallel vectors Use vectors to construct geometric arguments